BEHIND DOORS

Heroin use is a very worrying development in Cork, while cocaine remains the main problem, Claire O’Sullivan speaks to families and others at the coalfacce.

The Councillor

Claire O’Sullivan highlighted the drug use problem in her City South Ward. She added: “We need to do more to tackle drug use. We need a greater emphasis on prevention and education. “We need to focus on the roots of the problem and try to address them. “We have to do more to help people who are struggling with drug addiction. “We need to provide more support and resources for those who need it. “We need to create a safer environment for our communities. “We need to work together to tackle drug use and make our communities safer. “We need to support those who are struggling with drug addiction. “We need to do more to educate our young people about the dangers of drug use. “We need to create a safer environment for our communities. “We need to work together to tackle drug use and make our communities safer.”

The Coalfacce

The Coalfacce is a community-based, drug-free youth project. It provides support and guidance to young people who are struggling with drug addiction. It offers a range of services including welfare and education, counselling, and support groups. The Coalfacce also runs a youth club and offers a range of activities to engage young people. It helps young people to develop their skills and confidence and gives them the support they need to overcome their addiction. It offers a safe and confidential environment for young people to talk about their problems and receive the help they need. It provides a range of services to support young people and their families, including counselling, education, and therapy.

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AMANY people will remember the scenes in the mid-1990s of drug traffickers using加以to protect their communities from the righteous wrath of the police. The excitement was in the air, the streets were filled with police officers, and the community was united in its fight against drugs. In 1994, a combination of the street campaign in local communities, political campaigning by community leaders, and the advertising campaign of the Green Government resulted in public support for a law that was first highlighted by community leaders and was eventually supported by the general public.

In 1996, a combination of the street campaign in local communities, political campaigning by community leaders, and the advertising campaign of the Green Government resulted in public support for a law that was first highlighted by community leaders and was eventually supported by the general public. The law was passed in 1997 and is still in force today.

In 2002, the Government launched the National Drugs Task Force (NDTF) and a whole range of drug projects were launched in local communities. In 2003, the Government launched the National Drugs Task Force (NDTF) and a whole range of drug projects were launched in local communities. In 2003, the Government launched the National Drugs Task Force (NDTF) and a whole range of drug projects were launched in local communities. In 2003, the Government launched the National Drugs Task Force (NDTF) and a whole range of drug projects were launched in local communities.

The NDTF is a multi-agency body, comprising the Home Office, the Department of Health, the Department for Education and Skills, the Department for Work and Pensions, the Department of Social Security, the Department for International Development, the Department for Transport, the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs, and the Department for Culture, Media and Sport. The NDTF is responsible for co-ordinating and monitoring the implementation of the National Strategy on drugs. The NDTF is responsible for co-ordinating and monitoring the implementation of the National Strategy on drugs. The NDTF is responsible for co-ordinating and monitoring the implementation of the National Strategy on drugs.

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DEBRE DUFFY’S death was a grim reminder of the spiral of crime in which he found himself. Last night in September, Dufy was found dead in a disused building in Dublin’s north inner city. According to reports, the 35-year-old was shot twice in the head and doused in petrol.

The killings of Dufy in a disused building in Dublin’s north inner city is likely to be linked to the ongoing problem of drugs. The death of Dufy is the latest in a string of killings that have occurred in recent months.

The treatment of drug-related deaths in Ireland has been the subject of much debate in recent years. Many politicians and health officials have called for increased resources and interventions to tackle the issue. However, the problem remains a significant challenge for the health service.

The death of Dufy is a reminder of the dangers posed by drug-related crime. The issue of drug use and its impact on public health and safety is a complex one, and requires a comprehensive approach to address.

In recent years, there have been efforts to tackle the issue of drug use and its impact on public health and safety. These efforts have included increased funding for drug treatment programmes, as well as initiatives to raise awareness of the dangers posed by drug use.

The death of Dufy serves as a stark reminder of the ongoing problem of drugs in Ireland. The issue of drug use and its impact on public health and safety is a complex one, and requires a comprehensive approach to address.
Clonmel, where a
receiving user says
the amount of heroin in use is...
THE LOCAL FACE OF HEROIN

Noel Baker discovers the quiet explosion in heroin use taking place in midlands towns

UI MAN Head of the Department of Neurosciences at the University of Limerick, says that as an early afternoon past, when he feels his brain is on the loose. He will be the name of Tom, even though he's not what he looks. He doesn't want to be identified and wants to keep his status as a brain surgeon. He is a man of great passion, a rock and one of the most respected neurosurgeons in the country. He has been working in this field for over 30 years and is known for his skill and expertise in the treatment of brain injuries and diseases.

Baker says that heroin use is on the rise in the midlands, with many young people suffering from the effects of the drug. He says that the use of heroin has increased in recent years, with many young people turning to it as a means of coping with stress and anxiety.

"We're seeing a lot of young people coming into our clinics with symptoms of heroin use," he says. "They are suffering from withdrawal symptoms and are in need of treatment."

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**EXPERT VIEW**

**Johney Connolly traces the threats to the global drug market to its global roots**

T HE UN has declared that the global drug market is the third most profitable in the world, behind only the oil and arms trade. The United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime estimates that the wholesale value of the global drug market in 2010 was USD 600 billion, compared with USD 400 billion for weapons and USD 150 billion for arms. 

In Ireland, the number of heroin and cocaine seizures has increased significantly in recent years. In the first ten months of 2011, there were 970 seizures, compared with 633 in the same period in 2010. The number of seizures of cannabis has also increased, from 1,059 in 2010 to 1,317 in 2011. 

**SOME DOMINANT TRENDS IN THE IRISH DRUG MARKET**

- **Heroin**: The number of seizures of heroin has increased significantly in recent years. Heroin is a highly addictive and deadly drug, and its use is associated with a range of health and social problems. 
- **Cannabis**: The number of seizures of cannabis has increased significantly in recent years. Cannabis use is associated with a range of health and social problems, and it is also a common drug of choice among young people. 
- **Cocaine**: The number of seizures of cocaine has increased significantly in recent years. Cocaine use is associated with a range of health and social problems, and it is also a common drug of choice among young people. 
- **Opioids**: The number of seizures of opioids has increased significantly in recent years. Opioids use is associated with a range of health and social problems, and it is also a common drug of choice among young people. 
- **LSD**: The number of seizures of LSD has increased significantly in recent years. LSD use is associated with a range of health and social problems, and it is also a common drug of choice among young people. 

**THE IMPACT OF THE DRUG MARKET ON SOCIETY**

- **Social and health problems**: The drug market is associated with a range of social and health problems, including crime, violence, and addiction. 
- **Economic costs**: The drug market is associated with a range of economic costs, including health care, criminal justice, and lost productivity. 
- **Political issues**: The drug market is associated with a range of political issues, including the war on drugs, international trade, and drug policy. 

**THE CHALLENGES OF TACKLING THE DRUG MARKET**

- **International drug cartels**: The drug market is controlled by international drug cartels, which are highly organized and well-funded. 
- **Corruption**: The drug market is associated with a range of corruption, including corruption in law enforcement, government, and the pharmaceutical industry. 
- **Institutional failures**: The drug market is associated with a range of institutional failures, including ineffective drug policies, lack of international cooperation, and lack of transparency. 

**THE FUTURE OF THE DRUG MARKET**

- **Legalization**: The legalization of drugs is one possible solution to the drug problem. Legalization would reduce the demand for drugs, reduce the supply of drugs, and reduce the associated social and health problems. 
- **Prevention**: Prevention is a key component of any drug policy. Effective prevention programs would reduce the demand for drugs and reduce the associated social and health problems. 
- **Treatment**: Treatment is essential for those who are addicted to drugs. Effective treatment programs would reduce the demand for drugs and reduce the associated social and health problems. 

**REFERENCES**

Keeping cannabis illegal causes more harm to users, writes Fr Sean Cassin

Reducing demand by prevention, is the way forward, says Gráinne Kenny
Cormac O’Keefe talks to an addict about her 14-year battle with drugs

That was back in 1996-97, at the height of the heroin epidemic. She started on cannabis and ecstasy, but graduated to heroin at just 13, smoking it at first and then injecting. She started going out with a girl who was doing 40 to 50 units a day, and she became hooked on it, as she was on all the drugs.

But she added: “What heroin had done to her in those first 14 years was nothing compared to what cocaine done to me in the last four years. Cocaine has absolutely wiped the floor with me.”

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